ISSUE 79 MAGNOLIA

#### Another view of Magnolia grandiflora

Peter Del Tredici

Every once in a while it's important to realize that the assumptions we make about the world may be no older than ourselves. I was reminded of this recently while thumbing through a copy of "A Book of the United States" that I found on the shelf of my in-laws home in West Cornwall, Connecticut. The book had once belonged to my wife's grandfather, the historian Carl Van Doren, and had been unopened for many years. It was a fat book, published in 1838 by H. F. Sumner & Co., of Hartford, Connecticut, and edited by one, Grenville Mellen. Its full title reveals an ambitious agenda: "A Book of the United States: exhibiting its geography, divisions, constitution and government; and presenting a view of the republic generally and of the individual states; together with a condensed history of the land, from it first discovery to the present time."

My whole reason for calling your attention to this obscure book is that it contains an extensive section on botany, including a description of *Magnolia grandiflora* that knocked my socks off when I first read it. Displaying typical northern naiveté, I had no idea that anyone could not like this plant, let alone loath it the way this author, Mr. Flint, obviously does. And so in the interest of history and with an open mind, I present a contrarian view of the Bull Bay Magnolia from 1838:

Magnolia grandiflora.—'Bartram and other,' says Mr. Flint, 'by overrating the beauty of this tree, have caused, that when strangers first behold it, their estimation of it falls too low. It has been described, as a very large tree. We have seen it in Florida, where Bartram saw it. We have seen it in its more congenial position for full development, the rich alluvions of Louisiana; and we have never seen it compare with the sycamore, the cotton wood, or even the ash, in point of size. It is sometimes a tall tree; often graceful in form; but ordinarily a tree of fourth or fifth rate in point of comparative size in the forest, where it grows. Its bark is smooth, whitish, very thick, and something resembles that of the beech. The wood is soft, and for aught we know, useless. The leaves strongly resemble those of the orange tree, except in being larger, thicker, and having a hoary yellowish down upon the un-

MAGNOLIA ISSUE 79

der side. The upper side has a perfect verdure, and a feel of smoothness, as if it was oiled. The flowers are large, of a pure white, nearest resembling the northern pond lily, though not so beautiful; and are, ordinarily, about twice the size. The fragrance is indeed, powerful, but to us rather sickly and offensive. We have felt, and we have heard others complain of feeling a sensation of faintness, in going into a room, where the chimney place was filled with these flowers. The tree continues to put forth flowers for two months in succession, and seldom displays many at a time.

We think, few have been in habits of examining flowering trees more attentively than ourselves, and we contemplated this tree for years in the season of flowers. Instead of displaying, as had been represented, a cone of flowers, we have seldom seen a tree in flower, which did not require some attention and closeness of inspection, to discover where the flowers were situated among the leaves. We have not been led to believe, that others possessed the sense of smell more acutely, than ourselves. In advancing from points, where these trees were not, to the pine forest, on the water courses of which they are abundant, we have been warned of our approach to them by the sense of smell, at a distance of something more than half a mile; and we question, if any one ever perceived the fragrance much farther, except by the imagination. The magnolia is a striking tree, and an observer, who saw it for the first time, would remark it, as such. But we have been unable to conceive whence the extravagant misconceptions, respecting the size, number, fragrance and beauty of its flowers, had their origin.

#### Errata

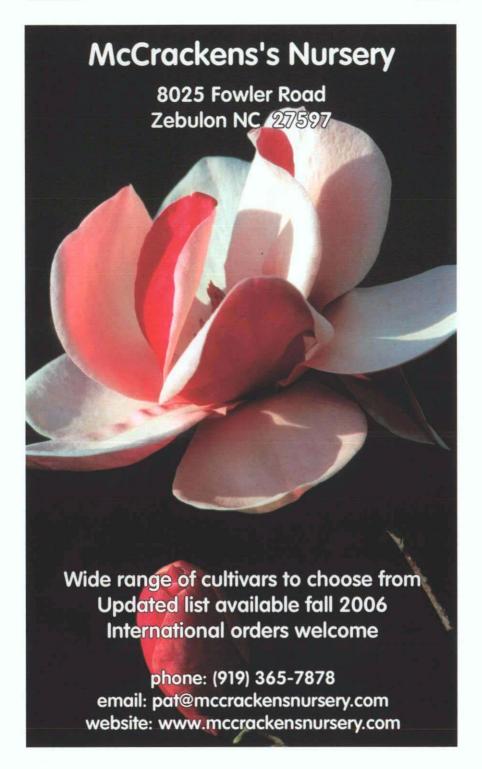
Correct Issue 78 to reflect the following:

Page 7, sixth line from bottom should read *plate* 188, not page 188.

Page 10, M. tamaulipana is native to northeastern Mexico, not northwestern Mexico.

Dick Figlar

MAGNOLIA ISSUE 79







Magnolia (Michelia) champaca Joy Perfume tree



Magnolia (Michelia) x Alba White Champak



Magnolia coco
Coconut Magnolia

### www.TopTropicals.com Rare plants for home and garden

# Tropical Magnolias

## Fragrant Flowers

## Blooming Plants

Please visit our website www.TopTropicals.com for a photo catalog and online order

### We ship Worldwide!

Nursery open to public: Top Tropicals Botanical Center 11351 Orange Dr. Davie, FL 33330 Toll-free: 1-866-897-7957



1200 Weaver Road, Springfield, OR 97478-9691

for an appointment call 541–746–3922 Fax: 541–744–7924 🗪 www.gosslerfarms.com

### THE RHODODENDRON CAMELLIA & MAGNOLIA GROUP



Become a member and enjoy –
Yearbook • 3 Bulletins • Seed List
Annual Subscription £15 (UK)
£18 (Europe)
£20 (Rest of World)

Contact the Membership Secretary Rupert Eley, East Bergholt Place EAST BERGHOLT CO7 6UP United Kingdom sales@placeforplants.co.uk or visit www.rhodogroup-rhs.org.uk

#### LOUISIANA NURSERY KEN, BELLE, and DALTON DURIO

Your source of Magnolias and other Garden Aristocrats for over 50 years

Ask for catalog information

5853 Highway 182 Opelousas, LA 70570 Telephone (337) 948-3696 Facsimile (337) 942-6404 www.durionursery.com

#### The Research Foundation of the Magnolia Society

The Magnolia Society Endowment Fund needs your support
Please send your contributions to:
The Research Foundation Fund
518 Parker Street
Gibson TN 38338 USA

5

Contributions are tax deductible in the United States



Switzerland Telephone: 091 795 18 67

Fax:

091 795 30 29

We offer over 350 varieties of grafted Magnolias.

Among these are some of the latest hybrid Magnolias and selected clones of Magnolia species.

Our full list of Magnolias, Camelias and Wisterias is available on request.

Plants are dispatched as one- or two-year grafts and in accordance with import regulations.

#### Magnolia Society International, Inc.

#### Officers

#### President

Susan Treadway Henry Botanic Garden PO Box 7 Gladwyne, PA 19035 Phone: 610.525.2037

#### Vice President

Patrick McCracken 8025 Fowler Rd Zebulon NC 27597

#### Secretary

Beth Edward 3000 Henneberry Rd Jamesville, NY 13078

#### Treasurer

Larry Langford 518 Parker Street Gibson. TN 38338

#### Editor

Prudence Holliger PO Box 2043 Issaquah, WA 98027-0091

#### Webmaster

Donald E. King dking4@gte.net

#### **Standing Committee Chairs**

#### **Registered Corporate Agent**

Karen Vallowe

#### Research

Richard B. Figlar

#### International Registrar of

#### Magnolia Cultivars

Timothy M. Boland tim@pollyhillarboretum.org

#### **Seed Counter**

Stefan P. Cover

#### **Awards and Honors**

Dick Figlar

#### Display and Test Gardens

James Gardiner

#### Budget

Larry Langford

#### Nominations

Barry Yinger

#### Convention

Vacant

#### Round Robin

Mark D. Haimes